

**ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP HỌC KỲ 2 TIẾNG ANH LỚP 7 CHƯƠNG TRÌNH THÍ ĐIỂM  
NĂM HỌC : 2017-2018**

**Full Name:** ..... **Class:** .....

MARK	COMMENT	Code of paper



**A. PHONETICS**

**I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.**

( Chọn 1 từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác so với các từ còn lại )

- |                           |                     |                         |                      |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. wanted <u>ed</u>    | B. washed <u>ed</u> | C. worked <u>ed</u>     | D. stopped <u>ed</u> |
| 2. A. cycled <u>ed</u>    | B. stayed <u>ed</u> | C. decided <u>ed</u>    | D. played <u>ed</u>  |
| 3. A. <u>wh</u> o         | B. <u>wh</u> en     | C. <u>wh</u> ere        | D. <u>wh</u> at      |
| 4. A. watch <u>ed</u>     | B. danc <u>ed</u>   | C. walk <u>ed</u>       | D. bor <u>ed</u>     |
| 5. A. need <u>ed</u>      | B. decid <u>ed</u>  | C. play <u>ed</u>       | D. want <u>ed</u>    |
| 6. A. provid <u>ed</u>    | B. start <u>ed</u>  | C. work <u>ed</u>       | D. decid <u>ed</u>   |
| 7. A. clos <u>ed</u>      | B. play <u>ed</u>   | C. stop <u>ed</u>       | D. stay <u>ed</u>    |
| 8. A. <u>wh</u> ole       | B. <u>wh</u> y      | C. <u>wh</u> at         | D. <u>wh</u> en      |
| 9. A. call <u>ed</u>      | B. wait <u>ed</u>   | C. play <u>ed</u>       | D. lov <u>ed</u>     |
| 10. A. look <u>ed</u>     | B. liv <u>ed</u>    | C. laugh <u>ed</u>      | D. watch <u>ed</u>   |
| 11. A. start <u>ed</u>    | B. decid <u>ed</u>  | C. work <u>ed</u>       | D. wait <u>ed</u>    |
| 12. A. play <u>ed</u>     | B. clos <u>ed</u>   | C. fill <u>ed</u>       | D. need <u>ed</u>    |
| 13. A. frighten <u>ed</u> | B. amaze <u>ed</u>  | C. disappoint <u>ed</u> | D. terrifi <u>ed</u> |
| 14. A. th <u>re</u> ad    | B. be <u>am</u>     | C. br <u>ea</u> th      | D. ste <u>ad</u>     |
| 15. A. nak <u>ed</u>      | B. book <u>ed</u>   | C. work <u>ed</u>       | D. walk <u>ed</u>    |

**II. Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined.**

- |                           |                       |                       |                        |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. A. brain <u>st</u> orm | B. sail <u>ng</u>     | C. rail <u>wa</u> y   | D. capt <u>ai</u> n    |
| 2. A. pl <u>an</u> e      | B. saf <u>et</u> y    | C. traff <u>ic</u>    | D. stat <u>io</u> n    |
| 3. A. veh <u>ic</u> le    | B. ment <u>io</u> n   | C. ent <u>er</u>      | D. helic <u>op</u> ter |
| 4. A. <u>h</u> ey         | B. <u>h</u> oney      | C. ob <u>ey</u>       | D. gr <u>ey</u>        |
| 5. A. <u>h</u> appy       | B. <u>h</u> ouse      | C. <u>h</u> ere       | D. <u>h</u> our        |
| 6. A. map <u>s</u>        | B. paper <u>s</u>     | C. cat <u>s</u>       | D. book <u>s</u>       |
| 7. A. pollut <u>io</u> n  | B. quest <u>io</u> n  | C. educat <u>io</u> n | D. act <u>io</u> n     |
| 8. A. health <u>y</u>     | B. ahead              | C. bread              | D. seatbel <u>t</u>    |
| 9. A. <u>th</u> ose       | B. <u>th</u> ere      | C. <u>th</u> at       | D. <u>th</u> anks      |
| 10. A. walk <u>ed</u>     | B. open <u>ed</u>     | C. stop <u>ed</u>     | D. watch <u>ed</u>     |
| 11. A. sound              | B. cl <u>ou</u> d     | C. f <u>ou</u> nd     | D. fav <u>ou</u> rite  |
| 12. A. tool               | B. afterno <u>o</u> n | C. do <u>o</u> r      | D. scho <u>o</u> l     |
| 13. A. play <u>ed</u>     | B. clos <u>ed</u>     | C. fill <u>ed</u>     | D. need <u>ed</u>      |

- |                           |                    |                        |                       |
|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 14. A. <u>mention</u>     | B. <u>question</u> | C. <u>action</u>       | D. <u>education</u>   |
| 15. A. <u>frightened</u>  | B. <u>amazed</u>   | C. <u>disappointed</u> | D. <u>terrified</u>   |
| 16. A. <u>thread</u>      | B. <u>beam</u>     | C. <u>breath</u>       | D. <u>stead</u>       |
| 17. A. <u>parade</u>      | B. <u>waste</u>    | C. <u>later</u>        | D. <u>gravy</u>       |
| 18. A. <u>populated</u>   | B. <u>loaded</u>   | C. <u>wanted</u>       | D. <u>lived</u>       |
| 19. A. <u>ahead</u>       | B. <u>bread</u>    | C. <u>pleasant</u>     | D. <u>seatbelt</u>    |
| 20. A. <u>energy</u>      | B. <u>flying</u>   | C. <u>chemistry</u>    | D. <u>technology.</u> |
| 21. A. <u>naked</u>       | B. <u>cooked</u>   | C. <u>booked</u>       | D. <u>walked</u>      |
| 22. A. <u>ways</u>        | B. <u>days</u>     | C. <u>says</u>         | D. <u>stays</u>       |
| 23. A. <u>obey</u>        | B. <u>key</u>      | C. <u>grey</u>         | D. <u>survey</u>      |
| 24. A. <u>stayed</u>      | B. <u>washed</u>   | C. <u>filled</u>       | D. <u>annoyed</u>     |
| 25. A. <u>who</u>         | B. <u>when</u>     | C. <u>where</u>        | D. <u>what</u>        |
| 26. A. <u>embarrassed</u> | B. <u>crowded</u>  | C. <u>excited</u>      | D. <u>divided</u>     |
| 27. A. <u>ahead</u>       | B. <u>instead</u>  | C. <u>seatbelt</u>     | D. <u>bread</u>       |
| 28. A. <u>left</u>        | B. <u>centre</u>   | C. <u>enter</u>        | D. <u>frighten</u>    |
| 29. A. <u>wanted</u>      | B. <u>filled</u>   | C. <u>stayed</u>       | D. <u>played</u>      |
| 30. A. <u>washed</u>      | B. <u>needed</u>   | C. <u>danced</u>       | D. <u>matched</u>     |

**III. Find the word which has different stress pattern from the others.**

- |                   |              |                |              |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. A. silent      | B. noisy     | C. pretty      | D. polite    |
| 2. A. station     | B. season    | C. sandal      | D. police    |
| 3. A. agree       | B. hurry     | C. enter       | D. visit     |
| 4. A. describe    | B. fasten    | C. listen      | D. hover     |
| 5. A. degree      | B. student   | C. funny       | D. widen     |
| 6. A. traffic     | B. dancer    | C. cycling     | D. balloon   |
| 7. A. central     | B. gripping  | C. complete    | D. boring    |
| 8. A. answer      | B. listen    | C. enter       | D. obey      |
| 9. A. station     | B. healthy   | C. safety      | D. alone     |
| 10. A. tidy       | B. complete  | C. extend      | D. mistake   |
| 11. A. dangerous  | B. plentiful | C. another     | D. limited   |
| 12. A. easily     | B. energy    | C. consumption | D. negative  |
| 13. A. convenient | B. abundant  | C. different   | D. expensive |
| 14. A. petroleum  | B. advantage | C. tendency    | D. enormous  |
| 15. A. attention  | B. pollution | C. holiday     | D. effective |

**B. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR**

**Question I:** Choose the correct answer to complete each following sentence by circling A, B, C or D.

- Nam used to \_\_\_\_\_ morning exercise when he got up early.  
A. did                      B. does                      C. doing                      D. do
- My father \_\_\_\_\_ the bus to work every day, but I cycle.  
A. catches                      B. drives                      C. goes                      D. runs
- I go to school \_\_\_\_\_ bike.  
A. by                      B. on                      C. in                      D. from
- Traffic accidents can be prevented if people \_\_\_\_\_ the rules.

- A. remember                      B. obey                      C. go after                      D. take care of
5. You should look right and left when you go \_\_\_\_\_ the road.  
A. down                      B. across                      C. up                      D. along
6. Bus is the main public \_\_\_\_\_ in Viet Nam.  
A. travel                      B. tricycle                      C. transport                      D. vehicle
7. The play was so boring. \_\_\_\_\_, Hoa saw it from beginning to end.  
A. Therefore                      B. Despite                      C. However                      D. Although
8. She's sure that they will find the film \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. entertaining                      B. entertain                      C. entertainment                      D. entertained
9. \_\_\_\_\_ being frightened by the images, Lan still liked the film so much.  
A. In spite                      B. Despite                      C. Although                      D. Nevertheless
10. \_\_\_\_\_ the story of the film was good, I didn't like the acting.  
A. Because                      B. Since                      C. As                      D. Although
11. The play was so boring. \_\_\_\_\_, An saw it from beginning to end.  
A. Therefore                      B. Despite                      C. However                      D. Although
12. – “ Do you like seeing a film?” – “ \_\_\_\_\_ ”  
A. No, I don't like it at all                      B. Sure. What film shall we see?  
C. Who is in it?                      D. I'm sorry, I can't.
13. \_\_\_\_\_ is La Tomatina celebrated? – Every August.  
A. Where                      B. Why                      C. When                      D. Which
14. My father liked the \_\_\_\_\_ of that singer.  
A. perform                      B. performer                      C. performance                      D. performing
15. \_\_\_\_\_ is not very far from here to the harbour.  
A. There                      B. It                      C. This                      D. That
16. The boys \_\_\_\_\_ home for lunch because they are planning to visit the hydro power station.  
A. have not come                      B. do not come                      C. will not be coming                      D. is not coming
17. It is going to rain any minute now. The children \_\_\_\_\_ in the rain.  
A. is being caught                      B. will be caught                      C. is caught                      D. are caught
18. They \_\_\_\_\_ a test tomorrow; we don't want to disturb them.  
A. will be having                      B. will have                      C. have                      D. had
19. They \_\_\_\_\_ that we have gone without telling them.  
A. thought                      B. are thinking                      C. will be thinking                      D. think
20. The sun and the wind are other \_\_\_\_\_ sources of energy.  
A. alternative                      B. renewable                      C. non-renewable                      D. Nuclear
21. We \_\_\_\_\_ solar panels in the schoolyard while you are checking cracks in the water pipes.  
A. have put                      B. will be putting                      C. will put                      D. put
22. At 7.00 tomorrow, you \_\_\_\_\_ to school.  
A. cycle                      B. will cycle                      C. will be cycling                      D. will be cycled
23. Solar energy \_\_\_\_\_ by many countries in the world in the future.  
A. use                      B. will use                      C. will be using                      D. will be used
24. At this time tomorrow, I \_\_\_\_\_ an interview.  
A. will be having                      B. will have                      C. had                      D. have
25. Coal is a \_\_\_\_\_ energy.

- A. nuclear            B. solar                            C. biogas                            D. natural
26. We should \_\_\_\_\_ low energy light bulbs.  
A. use                            B. using                            C. used                            D. to use
27. The wind turns \_\_\_\_\_ to make electricity.  
A. fans                            B. leaves                            C. turbines                            D. kites
28. We \_\_\_\_\_ an English test tomorrow.  
A. will have                            B. have                            C. has                            D. had
29. Solar energy will \_\_\_\_\_ to solve the problem of energy shortage.  
A. use                            B. be used                            C. used                            D. using
30. You should turn \_\_\_\_\_ the lights when leaving the rooms.  
A. on                            B. off                            C. right                            D. left

**II. Put the correct form of the verb in brackets.**

( Chia dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc )

1. Nam often ( play ) \_\_\_\_\_ soccer in the afternoon.
2. My father used to ( go ) \_\_\_\_\_ swimming when he was a child.
3. What about ( go ) \_\_\_\_\_ to the zoo on Sunday evening ?
4. Tien Dung goalkeeper ( live ) \_\_\_\_\_ Thanh Hoa city since 1997.
5. I used to ( go ) \_\_\_\_\_ to the zoo on Sundays when I was a child.
6. Xuan Truong footballer ( play ) \_\_\_\_\_ soccer beautifully last Saturday.
7. Nam used to ( go ) \_\_\_\_\_ fishing when he was a child.
8. They ( learn ) \_\_\_\_\_ English for five years.
9. How about ( go ) \_\_\_\_\_ to the zoo on Sunday evening ?
10. Quang Hai footballer ( play ) \_\_\_\_\_ soccer beautifully last Saturday.
11. I ( meet ) \_\_\_\_\_ her at the movie theater last night.
12. He ( go ) \_\_\_\_\_ to the English club every Sunday. But last Sunday he ( not go ) \_\_\_\_\_ there, he went to the City's museum.
13. Two years ago, she ( teach ) \_\_\_\_\_ at a village school.
14. What \_\_\_\_\_ you (do) \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday morning?
15. We ( travel ) \_\_\_\_\_ to Hue next month.
16. My mother ( not like ) \_\_\_\_\_ riding a motorbike.
17. When my father was young, he (drink ) \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of beer.
18. Nam ( study ) \_\_\_\_\_ homework in the living room now.
19. Be careful ! The car ( come ) \_\_\_\_\_ .
20. My mother ( go ) \_\_\_\_\_ to the supermarket yesterday evening.
21. Nam ( play ) \_\_\_\_\_ soccer tomorrow.
22. By 2020, people in Viet Nam (spend) \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money on heating.
23. What \_\_\_\_\_ we (do) \_\_\_\_\_ to save electricity ,dad ?  
We will watch less TV.
24. At 10 o'clock tomorrow he ( work ) \_\_\_\_\_ in his office.
25. My father ( visit ) \_\_\_\_\_ to Ha Long Bay next week.
26. At 5 o'clock tomorrow Nam ( play ) \_\_\_\_\_ football with his friends.
27. They ( build ) \_\_\_\_\_ their house this time next week.

28. At 8 a.m tomorrow, my sister (learn ) \_\_\_\_\_ English with her friends.  
 29. Ba ( buy ) \_\_\_\_\_ a new house tomorrow.  
 30. We ( build) \_\_\_\_\_ a hydro power station in this area next month.

### C. READING

**I. Read the following text carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each of the gap.**

When you are in Hong Kong, you can go about (1) \_\_\_\_\_ taxi , by bus, or by underground. I myself prefer the underground (2) \_\_\_\_\_ it is fast, easy and cheap. There are (3) \_\_\_\_\_ buses and taxis in Singapore and one cannot drive along the road (4) \_\_\_\_\_ and without many stops, especially on the Monday morning. The underground is therefore usually quicker (5) \_\_\_\_\_ taxis or buses. If you do not know Singapore very well, it is difficult (6) \_\_\_\_\_ the bus you want. You can take a taxi , but it is (7) \_\_\_\_\_ expensive than the underground or a bus . On the underground, you find good maps that tell you the names of the stations and show you how to get to them, so that it is easy (8) \_\_\_\_\_ your way.

- |               |            |            |
|---------------|------------|------------|
| 1. A. at      | B. in      | C. by      |
| 2. A. but     | B. because | C. when    |
| 3. A. many    | B. a lot   | C. few     |
| 4. A. quick   | B. quickly | C. quicker |
| 5. A. so      | B. like    | C. than    |
| 6. A. to find | B. find    | C. finding |
| 7. A. less    | B. more    | C. most    |
| 8. A. to find | B. find    | C. finding |

**II. Read the following text carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each of the gap.**

Ewan McGregor was (1)\_\_\_\_\_ in Scotland in 1971. He decided to be an (2)\_\_\_\_\_ when he was only nine and he (3)\_\_\_\_\_ his first film in 1992. So far in his career he has appeared (4)\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of different types of films, including comedies, musical, dramas and the Star Wars movies. In his career Ewan has worked with like actresses Cameron Diaz and Nicole Kidman, and his films have won lots of awards. He loves acting and when he finished (5)\_\_\_\_\_ the musical, Moulin Rouge, he said, “I have never been happier to do anything in my life”.

- |               |            |            |            |
|---------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 1. A. bear    | B. born    | C. bearing | D. to bear |
| 2. A. acting  | B. actress | C. actor   | D. action  |
| 3. A. made    | B. played  | C. worked  | D. starred |
| 4. A. at      | B. on      | C. with    | D. in      |
| 5. A. to film | B. filmed  | C. film    | D. filming |

**III. Read the passage and choose the best answer.**

Yesterday, on the way home from school, I saw an accident. A boy was run over by a taxi when he was riding his bicycle. The boy's leg was broken and it was bleeding badly. Someone there tried to stop the bleeding. They put pressure on it and held it tight. A man used his mobile phone to call the emergency service. Some minutes later, an ambulance arrived and sent the boy to the hospital. Two policemen came to the scene immediately. Some people told the police that the taxi was driving at a very high speed when the accident happened. Some others began talking about the traffic accidents these days and blamed the increasing number of accidents on the roads for careless driving and drunk drivers.

1. What did the writer see yesterday?  
 A. a fire                              B. an accident                              C. a fighting                              D. a crash
2. The accident happened between a taxi and.....  
 A. a bus                              B. a car                              C. a bicycle                              D. a motorbike
3. The boy was sent to the hospital by.....  
 A. a police                              B. a car                              C. an ambulance                              D. a passenger
4. What part of his body was hurt? – His.....  
 A. arm                              B. leg                              C. head                              D. shoulder
5. How was the driver driving when the accident happened? – Very.....  
 A. slowly                              B. fast                              C. carefully                              D. well

**IV. Read the text and answer the questions:**

Titanic is a romantic film, which was directed by James Cameron. However, it's also about a disaster. It stars Leonardo DiCaprio and Kate Winslet.

The film is about the sinking of the ship Titanic on its first voyage. The main characters are Jack Dawson and Rose Dewitt Bukater. Jack saves Rose from killing herself during the journey on board the ship. Although they are from different social classes, and Rose is already engaged, they fall in love. The film has a sad ending: the Titanic sinks and more than a thousand people die in the disaster, including Jack.

Critics say it is a must-see. I agree because the story is moving and the acting is excellent. The special effects, visuals and music are also incredible.

1. What kind of film is Titanic?  
 → .....
2. Who does Titanic star?  
 → .....
3. What is Titanic about?  
 → .....
4. How is the ending of Titanic?  
 → .....
5. What do critics say about Titanic ?  
 → .....

**V. Read the passage and decide if the statement is True or False.**

In Britain, the climate is not very good. There are very few hot days and it rains a lot. Because of this, people spend a lot of time at home. Generally, British homes have a lot of furniture in them, carpets on the floors and heavy curtains.

Many houses in Britain are old. Many of them are over one hundred years old. Often, they do not have enough insulation and the heat goes out through the windows, the doors and up the chimney.

Because of the climate, people in Britain have to spend a lot of money on heating. Many houses have special system called “central heating”. The heats all the rooms and, at the same time, heats the hot water. Houses without central heating often have gas, electric or coal fires. The rooms in most British houses are quite small.

New houses are much better. They have two layers of glass in the windows to stop the heat going out.

1. Why do British people spend a lot of time at home ?
  - A. Because the climate is not very good.
  - B. Because they don't know where to go
  - C. Because the climate is very good.
  - D. Because they want to stay at home
2. The heat goes out of the houses through \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. the windows , the doors and up the chimney
  - B. the windows and up the chimney
  - C. the doors and up the chimney
  - D. the walls and up the chimney
3. Because of \_\_\_\_\_ , people in Britain have to spend a lot of money on heating
  - A. cold weather
  - B. cool weather
  - C. hot weather
  - D. bad weather
4. Houses without central heating often have \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. only coal fires
  - B. gas or coal fires
  - C. electric or coal fires
  - D. gas , electric or coal fires.
5. New houses usually have \_\_\_\_\_ in the windows to stop the heat going out.
  - A. only layer of glass
  - B. two layers of glass
  - C. three layers of glass
  - D. two or three layers of glass

**VI. Read the text and choose the best answers.**

Easter is an important Christian festival and holiday. It is (1)\_\_\_\_\_ to celebrate the resurrection of Jesus Christ. Easter is not a fixed holiday. Its (2)\_\_\_\_\_ varies between 22nd March and 25th April. People celebrate Easter (3)\_\_\_\_\_ the world. In the UK, Easter is a public holiday. People (4)\_\_\_\_\_ Easter chocolate eggs to their friends and family. There are also egg hunts for kids. In the US, Easter is a (5)\_\_\_\_\_ holiday. People can go to church and have a special family meal. They also (6)\_\_\_\_\_ egg-hunts and give gifts of coloured eggs. In Russia, Easter is one of the (7)\_\_\_\_\_ important holidays. People celebrate it (8)\_\_\_\_\_ an Easter breakfast or meal. They also create very beautiful Easter eggs.

- |          |        |         |          |
|----------|--------|---------|----------|
| 1.A.made | B.held | C.given | D.opened |
| 2.A.day  | B.date | C.event | D.month  |

- |              |         |          |            |
|--------------|---------|----------|------------|
| 3.A.through  | B.in    | C.all    | D.around   |
| 4.A.eat      | B.have  | C.give   | D.receive  |
| 5.A.nation   | B.local | C.native | D.national |
| 6.A.organise | B.play  | C.do     | D.try      |
| 7.A.more     | B.best  | C.most   | D.better   |
| 8.A.with     | B.by    | C.for    | D.in       |

**VII. Read the text and choose the best answers.**

**SAFETY TIPS FOR BUS PASSENGERS**

Always maintain a queue while waiting (1)\_\_\_\_\_ a bus. Never stand on queue on the middle of the road.

At the time of boarding a bus do not try to run or chase the bus. Once you are inside the bus, (2)\_\_\_\_\_ a seat and hold firmly on the handrail if you are standing.

Never try to (3)\_\_\_\_\_ an overcrowded bus.

Avoid (4)\_\_\_\_\_ inside of a bus because your high-pitch noise may distract the attention of the driver and it could lead to a major (5)\_\_\_\_\_ accident.

- |            |            |            |          |
|------------|------------|------------|----------|
| 1.A.for    | B.to       | C.on       | D.in     |
| 2.A.hold   | B.sit      | C.take     | D.find   |
| 3.A.choose | B.go       | C.wait     | D.board  |
| 4.A.shout  | B.shouting | C.to shout | D.shouts |
| 5.A.road   | B.way      | C.path     | D.street |

**VIII. Read the passage and choose the correct answer A , B, C or D.**

Who are the best drivers? Which drivers are the safest on the roads? According to a recent survey, young and inexperienced drivers are the most likely to have an accident. Older drivers are more careful. Young men have the worst accident records of all. They often choose faster cars with bigger engines. One of the most interesting facts in the survey is that passengers have an effect on the driver. When young male drivers have their friends in the car, their driving become worse. When their wife or girlfriend is in the car, however, their driving is better. But opposite is true for women. Their driving is more dangerous when their husband or boyfriend is in the car.

- According to the survey, who are the most likely to have an accident ?  
 A. Young and experienced drivers. B. Old and inexperienced drivers.  
 C. Young and old drivers. D. Young and inexperienced drivers.
- Young men often choose .....  
 A. expensive cars. B. fast cars with big engines.  
 C. slow cars with big engines. D. fast car with small engines.
- Who have an effect on the driver ?  
 A. passengers B. policemen C. children D. journalists.



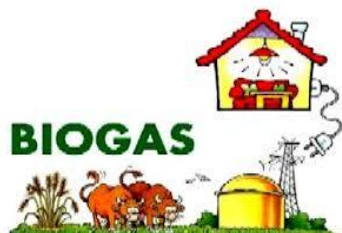
4. When young male drivers have the wife of girlfriends in the car, their driving becomes.....

- A. worse                      B. better                      C. slower                      D. faster

5. When their husband or boyfriend is in the car, women’s driving is.....

- A. more careful              B. better                      C. more dangerous      D. faster

**IX. Read the passage and tick (✓) True or False.**



Energy is fundamental to human beings. Many poor people in developing countries do not have modern sources of energy like electricity or natural gas, with which their life can be improved.

People who live in mountainous areas have to gather wood for fuel. This takes a lot of time. For many people living in rural areas, biogas is the largest energy resource available. The main use of biogas is for cooking and heating, but it can also provide energy for public transport. As biogas is smoke-free, it helps the problem of indoor air pollution. Moreover, it is made from plant waste and animal manure. They cost almost nothing.

The tendency to use renewable energy sources in developing countries is on the increase as non-renewable ones are running out. In the future, the wind and the sun will be used as the most important environmentally friendly energy sources.

True or False?	True	False
1. Non-renewable sources are being used up.		
2. Many poor people in developing countries do not have little electricity		
3. Biogas is a new source of energy available for poor people.		
4. Biogas creates a lot of smoke.		
5. The new energy source is not costly		

**D. WRITING**

**I. Rewrite the sentences with the same meaning.**

( **Viết lại câu sao cho nghĩa của câu không đổi** )

1. The distance from Ha Noi to Thanh Hoa City is about 100 kilometres.

→ It is about.....

2. Although Quang Hai -footballer is so young , he plays football beautifully.

→Despite .....

3. My father lived in small village when he was a child.

→ My father used to .....

4. What is the distance between Thanh Hoa and Ha Noi city?

→How far.....?

5. I often walked to school when I was a student.

→ I used.....

6. In spite of being so young, Tien Dung goalkeeper performs excellently.

- Although.....
- 7. What is the distance between Vinh and Ha Noi city?  
→ How.....?
- 8. I often walked to school when I was a student.  
→ I used.....
- 9. Although they are short, they still love playing sports.  
→ In spite of.....
- 10. We will use less electricity in the future  
→ Less electricity .....

**II. Change the sentences into the passive voice.**

**(Chuyển các câu sau sang câu bị động)**

- 1. We will use less electricity in the future.  
→ Less electricity .....
- 2. The students in my school will use public transport when travelling long distances.  
→ Public transport.....
- 3. I will turn off the lights when leaving a room or going to bed.  
→ The lights.....
- 4. Wind power will offer a great deal of energy next century.  
→ A great deal of energy .....
- 5. We will use sources of energy more effectively for our future.  
→ Sources of energy .....
- 6. People in the countryside will increase the use of biogas for cooking.  
→ The use of biogas .....
- 7. They will build a hydropower station in the North of the country next decade.  
→ A hydropower station .....
- 8. We will solve the problem of energy shortage by using solar energy.  
→ The problem of energy shortage .....

**III. Rearrange the words to make meaningful sentences.**

- 1. Solar energy/ in the world/ by many countries/ will be used/  
→.....
- 2. to another/ How/ you travel from / will/ one place/?  
→ .....
- 3. to save/ will reduce/ our energy/ the use of electricity/ We/.  
→ .....

**I. Write a paragraph about 80- 100 words about traffic problem where you live .**

( Viết 1 đoạn văn khoảng 80 đến 100 từ về vấn đề giao thông nơi bạn sống ).

**II. Write a paragraph about 80 -100 words about your favorite film.**

( Viết 1 đoạn văn khoảng 80 đến 100 từ về bộ phim mà bạn yêu thích ).

**III .Write a short paragraph how to save energy , using the following outline.**

**Introduction ( Mở đoạn )**

**Body ( Thân đoạn )**

- turn off / lights / conditioners / before / leave home
- take / showers / instead of / baths
- go / school /bike
- keep / refrigerator doors / closed

**Conclusion ( Kết đoạn )**

**Mở đoạn mẫu**

Good morning / afternoon ladies and gentlemen. My name is Hung. Today I am going to tell you how to save energy. Many people use too much electricity and water at home.

You can reduce the amount of energy by :

.....

.....

.....

.....

**Kết đoạn mẫu :** If you take my advice , you won't be have to pay so much for your bills , and you can save necessary energy. Thanks for listening

**E. LISTENING**

**Question I. Listen to the passage and tick (V) true ( T ) or false (F)**

		<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>1</b>	Non-renewable sources are being used up.		
<b>2</b>	Many poor people in developing countries have little electricity.		
<b>3</b>	Biogas is a new source of energy available for poor people		
<b>4</b>	Biogas creates a lot of smoke.		
<b>5</b>	The new energy source is not costly.		

**Question III. Listen to the passage again and complete the sentences.**

1. People in \_\_\_\_\_ areas have to gather wood to use as fuel.
2. Biogas is mainly used for \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Biogas helps solve the problem of indoor \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The use of renewable energy sources in developing countries is \_\_\_\_\_.
5. In the future, the \_\_\_\_\_ will be used as the main environmentally friendly energy sources

**Question IV. Listen to a music festival and tick (V) true ( T ) or false (F)**

		<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>1</b>	The Isle of Wight is the most well-known festival in the country		
<b>2</b>	About 60,000 people attended the festival last year		

3	Nick and his family stayed at a hotel near the campsite		
4	Jon Bon Jovi is Nick's father's favourite singer		

**Question V. Listen then choose the best answer A , B or C**

1. Which Oscar has Tom Hanks won twice?  
 A. the best Actor                      B. the best Actress                      C. the best star
2. What do critics say about Tom Hanks?  
 A. He isn't an attractive actor      B. He is one of the best actor      C. He is the most actor.
3. Tom Hanks is..... favourite star.  
 A. Nick's                      B. Nick's mother's                      C. Nick's father
4. You've Got Mail is one of the biggest comedies of the .....  
 A.1919s                      B. 1990s                      C. 1980s